

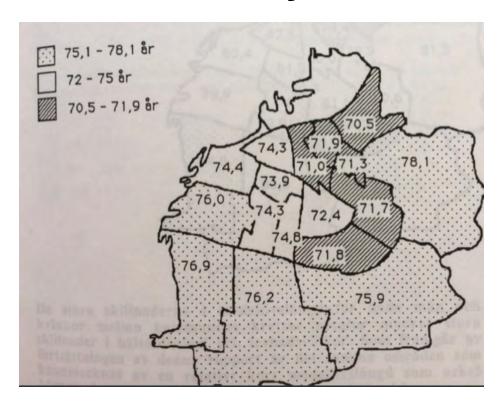
- Territories, Health and Wellbeing. A practical example

Sven-Olof Isacsson, Chairman, Commission for a socially sustaniable Malmö, professor emeritus

Anna Balkfors, Head Secretary Commission for a socially sustaniable Malmö

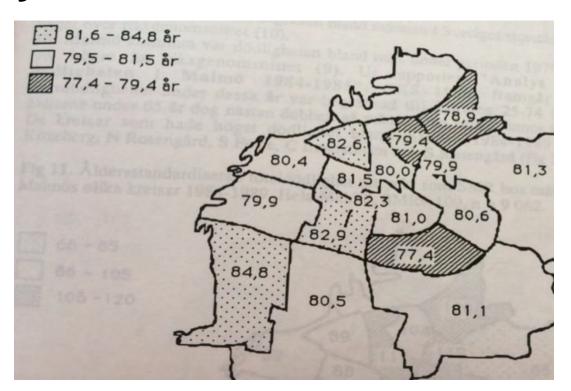


Differences in life expectany between city districts 1984-1989. Men in Malmö. Maximum 7,6 years





Differences in life expectancy between city districts 1984-1989. Women in Malmö. Maximum 7,2 years.

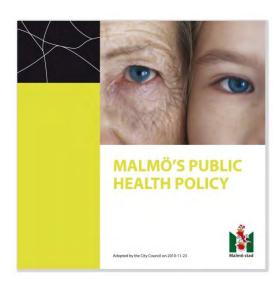




Create social conditions that will ensure good health, on equal terms, for the entire population.

- 1. Participation and influence in society
- 2. Economic and social prerequisites
- 3. Conditions during childhood and adolescence
- 4. Health in working life
- 5. Environments and products
- 6. Health-promoting health services
- 7. Protection against communicable diseases
- 8. Sexuality and reproductive health
- 9. Physical activity
- 10. Eating habits and food
- 11. Tobacco, alcohol, illicit drugs, doping and gambling

(Prop 2007/08:110)





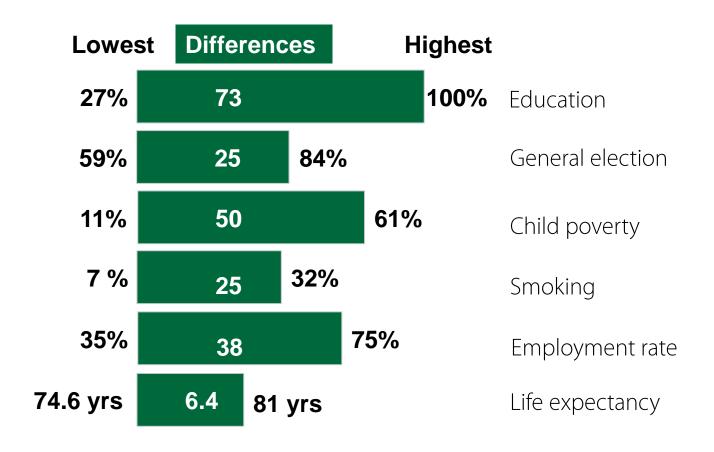
A yearly welfare report

- Based on 11 national target areas
- Several sources of data
- Level of health (indicators)
- Progression over time
- Gender
- Socioeconomic
- Geographic differences



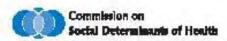


Increasing differences social determinants of health









Closing the gap in a generation

Health equity through action on the social determinants of health



Commission on Social Determinants of Health 2005-2008





Increasing health inequalities between countries, within countries and in cities

55 yrs women Japan - women Zimbabwe

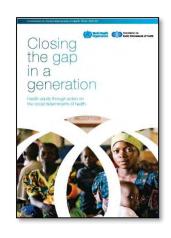
44 yrs men Island – men Swaziland

WHO (2008) Closing the gap in a generation



What causes health inequalities?

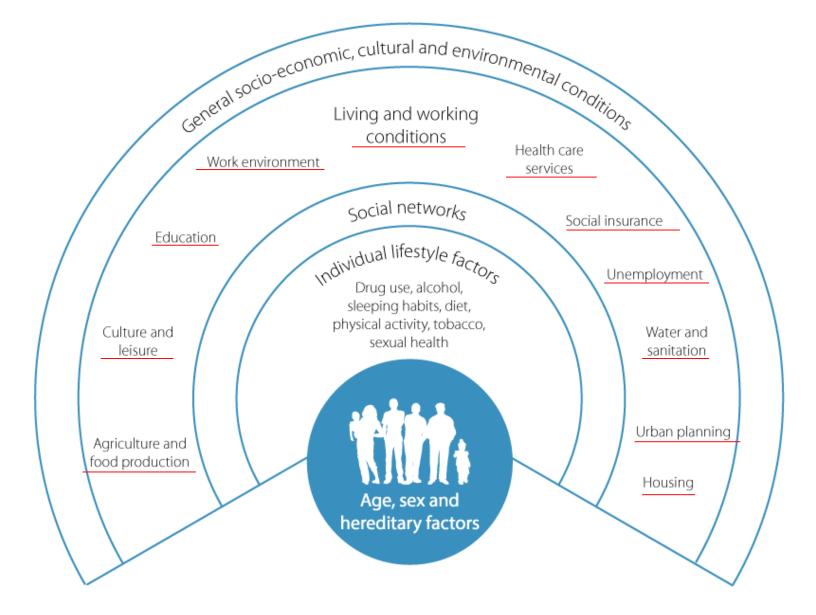
Social determinants of health and the condition in which people grow, live, work and age shaped by political, social and economic forces, **determine** health inequalities between countries, within countries and in cities.



"Reducing health inequality is an ethical imperative. Social injustice is killing people on a grand scale"

WHO (2008) Closing the gap in a generation







Close the health gap in a generation

- Improve daily living conditions
- Tackle the inequatable distribution of power, money and resources
- Meassure and understand the problem





Malmö – a sustainable city!

Protecting the ecosystem services and resilience

UN Habitat Scroll of Honor Most eco-friendly city in Sweden

Access to social services, education, security, participation

Health and Wellbeing

Resources and power are distributed fairly.

equitably and equal

Social benefits

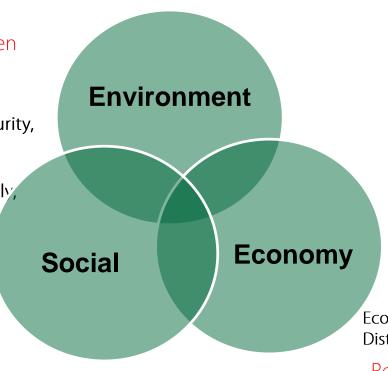
Employment rate

Child poverty

Education level

Participation in general elections

Life expectancy



Economic growth
Distribution of wealth

Reduced tax base 66% are employed Increased income inequality



Commission for a Socially Sustainable Malmö



- Appointed by Malmö City Executive Board in 2010
- Independent commission
- Evidence based objectives and strategies on how to reduce health inequalities; social determinants of health
 - Conditions during childhood and adolescence
 - Inclusion and influence in society
 - Social and economic conditions
- Final report March 2013



The commission

14 commissionaires Chairman and Head Secretary, communication

- -Senior advisers
- -Broad consultation (2000 people)



























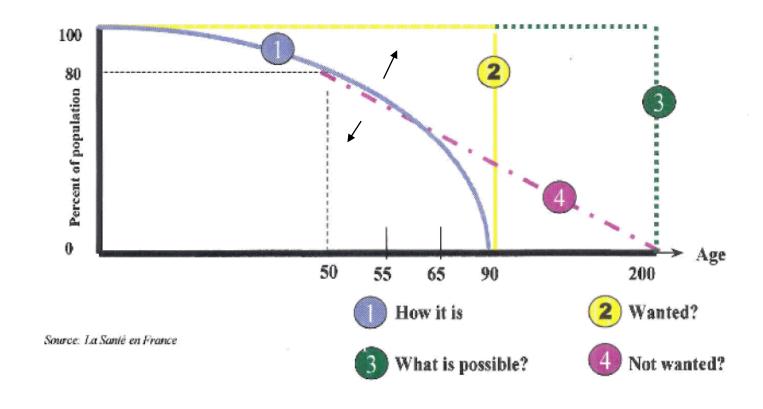






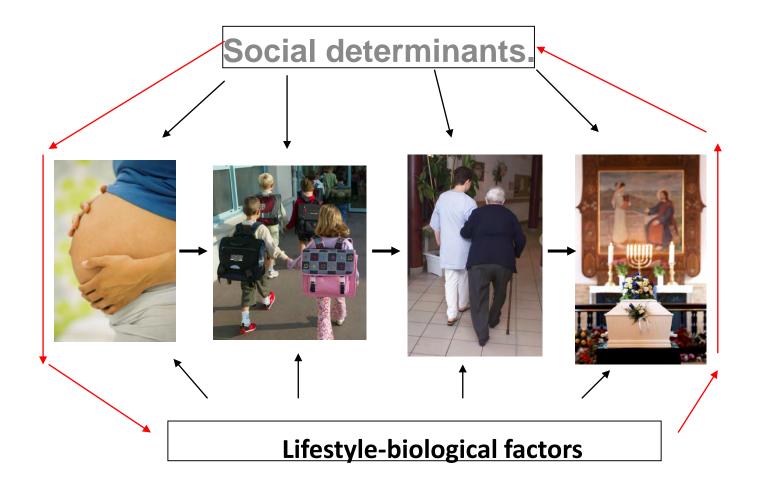


Survival with varying degrees of ill-health/functional impairment. Theoretical curves











Commission for a Socially Sustainable Malmö

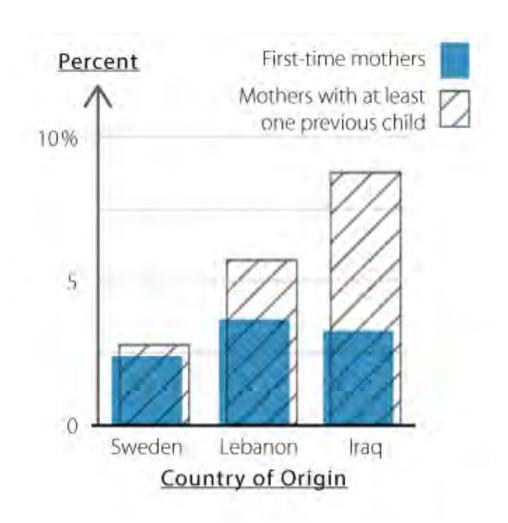


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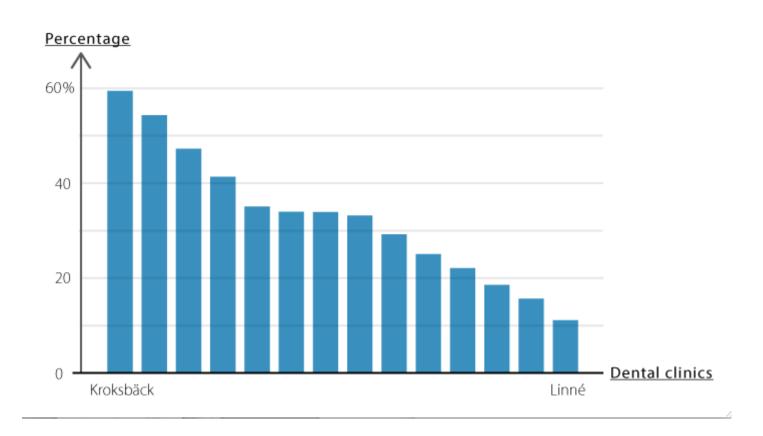
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Kommiss	Kommiss	priheatinii i	Kommissi	Kommissi			Kommis	Kommis	Kommission	Kommi	Kommissi	Komm	Kommission för ett socialt hållbart Malmö Malmö stad.
Städer globalt eller sla Hans Abrah	<u>Der</u> ur e	bo En so	Sta på\ Arbetsg Eva Engq Christer I Katarina l	<u>friti</u> Grund f utveckli	Gym - inte En forsk utbildni	"Att lära Föräldr miljöer Laid Bou	Nya i M En kart organis	E EÖR:	bosta invån	ds E	Bar ilda li arie Köt	Skol utve och - några r	Malmö – från kvantitets- till kvalitetskunskapsstad
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Diabetes during pregnancy among first time mothers and women residing in Malmö in 2000-2010 who have previously given birth



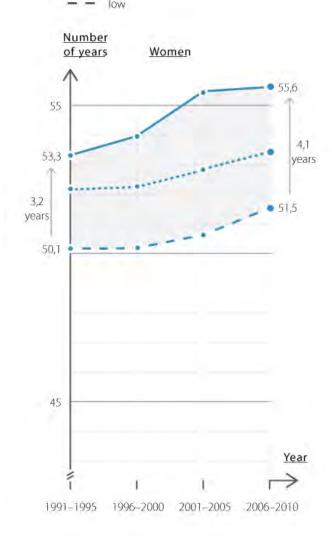


The proportion of 6-year olds with caries in need for treatment. Dental clinics in Malmö 2010

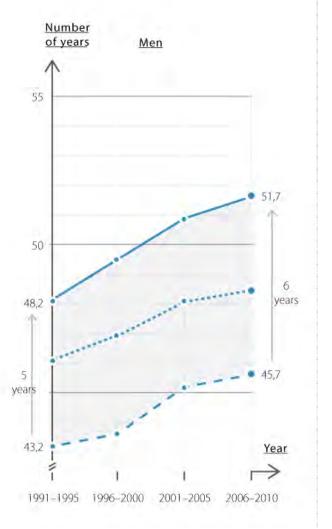




Remaining average life expectancy At 30 years of age for women and men In Malmö according to educational level In 1991-2010

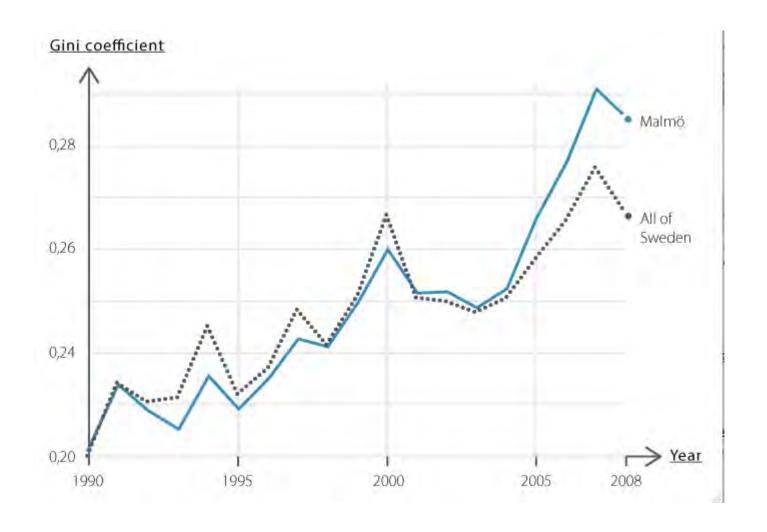


Level of education





Income inequality, Gini coefficient

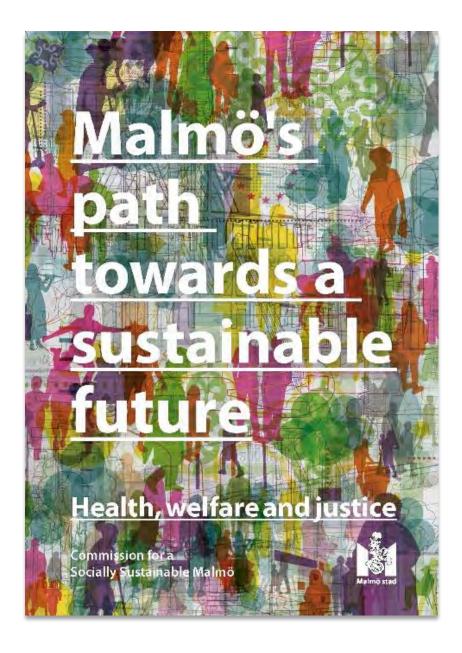




The process!

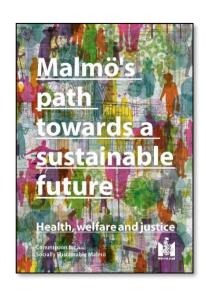
- > 200 recommendations
- 72 final recommendations
- 2000 persons involved







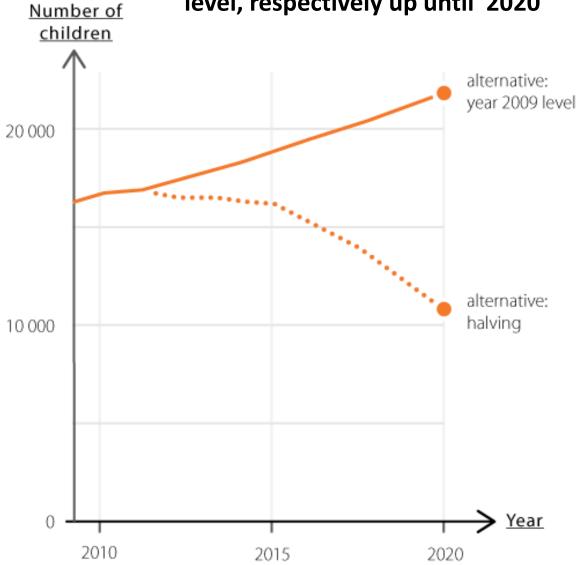
72 recommendations within six areas:



- 1. Everyday conditions of children and young people
- 2. Housing & urban planning
- 3. Education
- 4. Income and work
- 5. Healthcare
- 6. Changed processes: governance



The number of children in economically disadvantaged households in Malmö based on unchanged or halved level, respectively up until 2020



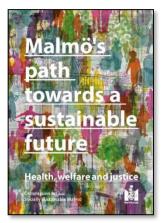






From a Commission to a Health in All Policy

- The Commission report is sent out for refferal
- The executive board decided;
 - 1. To implement the overaching recommendations;
 - A social investment policy that can reduce inequality in living conditions and make societal systems more equal
 - Change processes by creating knowledge alliances and democratised governance
 - 2. All municipal boards and operations should include the knowledge and recommendations presented by the Commission, to work for a Socially Sustaniable City.
 - 3. Implement the 72 recommendations;
 - 32 new assignments
 - Ongoing work
 - Intensify already existing processes/actions
 - 4. A yearly follow up report





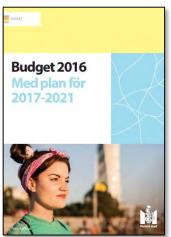


The City budget in 2015, 2016, 2017

"The city of Malmö, shall, through knowledge alliances with academia, civil society, the business community and other actors, continue to work in the spirit of the Malmö Commission to create social sustainability and reduce health inequalities".

"All the city departments shall work with a social investment perspective and build knowledge alliances".







Following the progress

- The two overaching recommendations
 - Establish a social investment policy...
 - Democratised governance through knowledge alliances
- 2. Actions due to the 72 recommendations
 - Review 32 new assignments
 - Ongoing work
 - Intensify already existing processes/actions
- 2014 Interviews with directors of the 22 municipal departments
 Review of the 32 new assignements
- Text analyse of all 22 committees annual analyses 2015
 Review of the 32 new assignements
- 2016 Text analyse of all 22 committees annual analyses 2015 Review of the 32 new assignements









Quotes from the 2015 annual analyses

If inequality and differences in health are to be reduced, the underlying causes need to be adressed

The labour market, uppersecondary and adult education committe

There is an increasing understanding of what influences socially sustainable development

The technical committe

Knowledge alliances in partnership with the voluntary sector, property owners, the police, the private sector, Malmö university etc. form an important basis for the committee's continuing work on contributing to more equal health and socially sustaniable development.

City district committee east

The committee sees culture as an important resource in Making Malmö a socially sustanable city and has therefore increased accessibility in order to reach new target groups

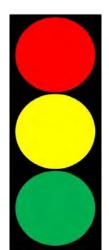
The cultural committe



Progress - recommendations

Review of the 32 new assignements





Has come to a standstill, not commenced: 0

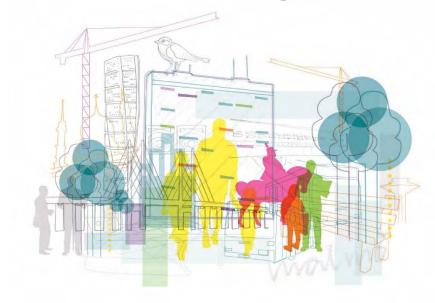
Underway, commenced with som obstacles: 5

Good progress/completed: 27



Housing and urban planning

- 1. Housing
- 1. Segregation
- 2. Trust/Empowerment





2. Housing and urban planning



- 2.2 Urban planning should help to reduce segregation
- Social impact assessments decision concerning physical investments
- Social clauses in procurement
- Develop and intensify efforts to mix types of housing, workplaces and service
- Convert barriers physical and mental



Winner National Cityplanning prize in 2014

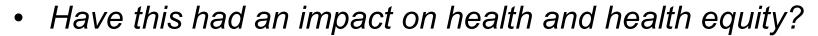


The jury's motivation: The social consequences of increasing differences in living conditions in our cities are an important social issue that most municipalities work with. This year's prize winner has approached the issue in a new way. The municipality's working methods have enabled a broad collaboration with both research, civil sector and business. Through this approach, the winner has deepened the understanding of the relationship between health and the built environment on a more scientific basis. It reinforces not least the credibility and position of the physical planning in urban development. The winner of the Plan Prize 2014 is a good inspiration for other municipalities: Malmö City with the Commission for Socially Sustainable Malmö.



Results-impact?

- Better school results
- Higher employment rate
- Fewer families are homless
- Decrease in social benefits
- Decrease in childpoverty



- Is this due to the work based on the Malmöcommission?
- We dont know; a task for a scientific evaluation to be assesed in 2018-2019

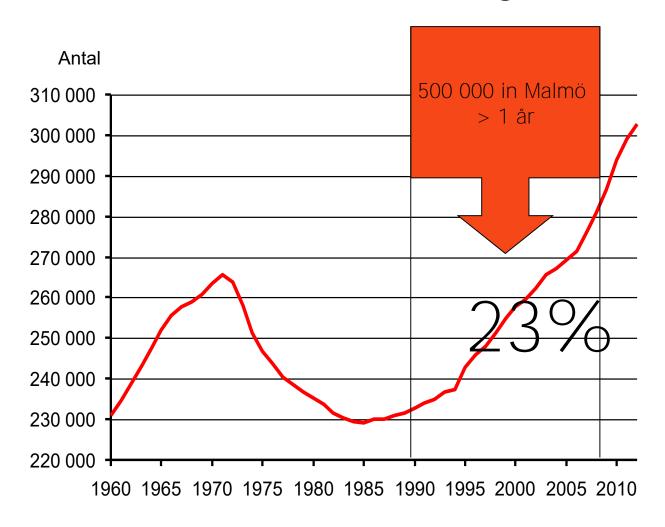


Evaluation 2018-2019

- Malmö's
 path
 towards a
 sustainable
 future
 Health, welfare and justice
- Analyze the process and the organization from and after the Malmöcommission to draw lessons for the organization forward.
- 2. Analyze the impact of the initiatives generated from the Malmocommission and suggest future priorities.
- The power and performance of the overall recommendations; municipal organization, civil sector, business area, citizens ambient partners
 - Impact from the recommendations
 - Effects on health, health inequalities, social determinants of health
 - Suggest models for long-term follow-up
- 3. Generate a learning element for the municipality. Future oriented



Increased understanding



Källa: SCB, City of Malmö, Salonen 2012, Abrahamsson 2012, Stigendal 2012

Migration



Globalisation



Urbanisation



Budget 2017, 2018

The Malmö Commission's work is complemented by ambitious efforts to, as the first municipality in Sweden, implement the UN's global sustainability target locally.

THE GLOBAL GOALS

For Sustainable Development





































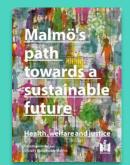






290 Municipalities20 Counties/regions















Some lessons learned – challanges

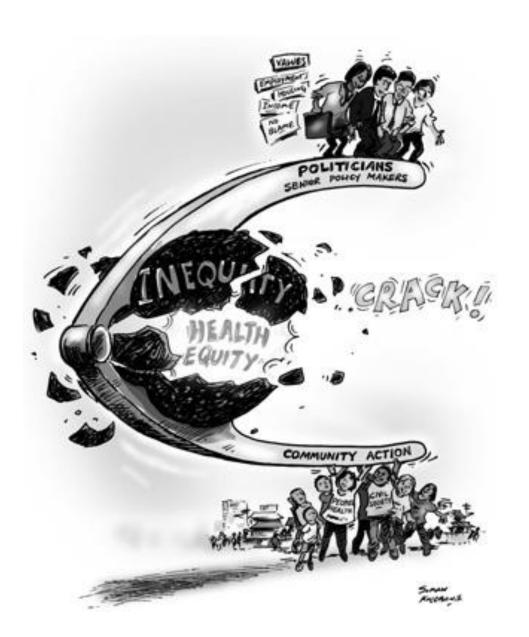
Lessons learned

- Framing health equality social sustaniability – a whole in society engagement
- A clear political demand political courage!
- No data no problem no problem no action – 32 scentific reports
- Change in mind set change in action leadership
- Involving stakeholders early; e.g collaboration between academia and the municipality
- Health is powerful communication

Challanges

- Not loose track on health equity
- Involve all policy areas
- Keep up the political engagement
- Feedback system; To measure effects on health/ health inequalities/social determinants –national, regional work and support
- Data need to be useful, applicable for different stakeholders
- Research reach out co-create- evaluate
- Health inequity is not a complicated issue
 its complex!





Thank You

All reports are avaliable at: www.malmo.se/socialhallbarhet.se www.kommissionjamlikhalsa.se

